

# CARRANZA TOLD TO GET OUT BY TUESDAY NIGHT

Decision to Retire or Fight Demanded by Aguascalientes Convention.

## FUNSTON REPORTS EVERYTHING QUIET

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Carranza has until 6 o'clock Tuesday night to make up his mind whether he will relinquish the provisional Presidency of Mexico without a struggle or whether he will fight for the retention of the office.

The news that the Aguascalientes convention has sent such an ultimatum to Carranza was received here officially today. The convention demands that before Tuesday evening he announce his recognition of the sovereignty of the convention and how to it by vacating his office.

Though it had previously been rumored that the convention was to give a time limit to Carranza within which he must get out of office or be driven from it by force, to-day's despatch was the first official report to this effect.

Decisive Turn Expected. Meanwhile officials here are confident that by Wednesday next a decisive turn will have been given to the situation and there will be some basis for estimating whether there is to be war or peace in Mexico.

That there is not entire harmony between the convention and the committee sent to Carranza by the latter is indicated by another despatch received here to-day. According to this report the convention committee still believes there is a chance of getting Carranza to retire peacefully.

The committee so reported to the convention and said that the prospect for peace would be particularly improved if the convention would depose Villa from all military command. In other words, the committee invited the convention to conform to the conditions previously laid down by Carranza that Villa be removed from all connection with the military forces.

Thus far there has been no indication of the convention's accepting and acting on the conditions. Carranza has even though Villa has himself declared to the assembly that he will give up his military office if the convention thinks it necessary.

Carranza's Maneuvers. Further indications that Carranza is engaged in an attempt to stir up popular sentiment in southern Mexico in favor of himself in his contest with the convention by agitating the issue of Vera Cruz was made here to-day.

It became known that while the inflammatory posters published and distributed early in the week were promptly suppressed they were reprinted in all the newspapers a few days later.

The interesting feature of this is that while the Foreign Minister in Carranza's absence has been endeavoring to suppress their subsequent publication in the press of Mexico is known to have had the authority of Carranza.

There are no indications, however, that the appeals to Mexicans to rise and drive the Americans from Vera Cruz are having any important effect. Gen. Funston called Secretary Garrison to-day in response to the latter's inquiry that there seemed to be no cause for alarm.

"Many unsubstantiated rumors have prevailed for a long time," called Gen. Funston. "I think it better to discredit unsubstantiated rumors by nothing alarming in local conditions in Vera Cruz."

CARRANZA AT CORDOBA. Will Confer With Funston at Soleidad, It Is Said.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. Mexico City, Nov. 8.—After spending the night in Esmeraldas, Puebla, Carranza went yesterday to Cordoba, where he will stop a few days.

Members of the commission from the Aguascalientes convention are expected to confer with Carranza. The latter's secretary, Espinosa Mireles, says that Carranza will have a talk with Gen. Funston in Soleidad.

The Carranza authorities admit that the large town of Teziutlan, Puebla, is being besieged by rebels.

Aguistin Rodriguez, who was a delegate to the Aguascalientes convention, has been arrested on political charges. He is being held in the city of Cordoba.

Cordoba, Mexico, Nov. 8.—Gen. Carranza arrived here yesterday and received an enthusiastic welcome.

Senor Pareja, Minister of Foreign Affairs, will go to Vera Cruz to-morrow to confer with Gen. Funston regarding the evacuation of the seaport.

The Aguascalientes commission appointed to confer with Carranza and the latter's proposed retirement will reach here to-morrow.

GUTIERREZ IN PRISON? Mexican Bureau Gives Out a Repudiated Message.

The Mexican Information bureau in this city announced last night that Carranza had telegraphed to Rafael Zubaran, his representative in Washington, that Eulalio Gutierrez, the designated provisional President, had been imprisoned by Gen. Villa at Aguascalientes.

Senor Zubaran, in Washington, denied last night, however, that he had received such a message. The alleged telegram as given by the bureau follows:

"I have to inform you that Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, who repudiated the Aguascalientes convention and the Villa clique, has been captured by Gen. Villa and imprisoned. The reason for the action was because he failed to live up to the dictations and the demands of the Villa clique."

"I wish further to inform you that I consider the actions of the convention as a farce, and for that reason alone I am forced to ignore its actions. The convention, which was dominated by Villistas and reactionaries, failed to accomplish the task they set out to do."

"Instead of working out a set of regulations and rules by which Mexico might attain its normal conditions of peace and prosperity, they appointed another provisional President, hoping to be able to dominate him. When they realized that Gutierrez would not follow the dictations of Villa they imprisoned him."

# Three Americans Tortured and Shot by Mexicans

El Paso Citizens Are Attacked at Chocolate Pass in Chihuahua, and After a Short Defence They Are Overpowered.

## FIGHT UNTIL THEIR AMMUNITION GIVES OUT

EL PASO, TEX., Nov. 8.—Fighting doggedly behind a wagon barricade until their ammunition gave out, three Americans were killed by mounted Mexicans at Chocolate Pass, Chihuahua, according to word brought into San y Sidro, Chihuahua, today by a Mexican servant of the American party. He declared that the Americans were captured alive, shot and tortured to death and their wagon robbed.

The Americans, Carl Eck, William Hixon and Charles W. Smith, all of this city, were travelling from El Paso to Lugo's ranch, south of Casas Grandes, in northwestern Chihuahua, through a mountainous and little inhabited country. They left here several days ago.

As the wagon entered the narrow defile of Chocolate Pass the Mexicans, charging on horseback, opened fire on the party. The Americans, selling rifle and revolver, dropped behind the wagon and returned the fire, wounding a Mexican, killing a horse and routing the assailants. The Mexicans were then ordered to dismount and hide in the undergrowth and behind pine trees. They opened a steady fire on the Americans. The horses attached to the wagon were shot down and the wagon was riddled with bullets. Eck, a boy of 17 years, was wounded in the leg, but continued firing as steadily as his companions.

The Mexican servant was armed and took the first opportunity to hide.

Americans Overpowered. The fighting continued more than an hour and the Americans' ammunition was exhausted. The Mexicans, numbering eight or ten, rushed in. There was a brief hand to hand fight and the Americans were overpowered.

The Mexicans, catching the fight from a distance, said the Mexicans knifed, clubbed and shot their prisoners and looted the wagon. After the Mexicans had finished their work, the Mexican servant started for San y Sidro.

William Eck, uncle of the murdered man, headed a party which left for Chocolate Pass today to recover the bodies if possible and to urge the Mexican authorities to punish the Mexicans and punish the murderers. Whether or not they succeed, a party consisting of soldiers or bandits the informant could not say.

Advices were received here today from Parral that Gen. Macias, chief of the Mexican troops, with the remnants of the brigade of Benito Juarez, who recently revolted against Villa, have abandoned the movement to Sinaloa and have returned to Mesa de Sandia, a station on the Parral-Durango railroad.

Several days ago they left this place with the intention of proceeding to Sinaloa to move northward against the Maytorena forces, which control the State of Sonora. The return of the Herrera and their troops to Mesa de Sandia has led officials to believe that they will make another attempt to capture Parral, where they were defeated in a recent battle with Villa forces.

Herrera Brothers Flee. Jesus Herrera, a brother of two generals, and Jesus Mendoza, a cousin, have arrived here from the Parral district. They were forced to leave Mesa de Sandia because of the reputation of Villa by the commanders. While Luis and Melvior Herrera were attached to the division of the north they acted as brigade commanders.

Alfonso Iberri, a Chihuahua newspaper man and former publisher of El Norte, a Chihuahua daily, and Manuel Acosta, his secretary, and the sentence of death in the city of Chihuahua, according to Americans who today arrived here.

The men are charged with having published a newspaper defending the Huerta government during the present revolution. El Norte was published in Chihuahua when the Federalists held the city.

Iberri is known throughout Mexico as a poet and the homesick exile also had wide experience in Spain in the newspaper business.

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"It is possible to cure the external symptoms, but it is not possible to cure the internal change that is the cause of the disease," said Dr. Reiland. "The treatment of others may be infected. The treatment or killing of a single animal in a herd was tried in an outbreak and did not prove effective for the reason that the remainder of the herd soon became infected and had to be killed."

"As a result of the five outbreaks in this country and the present wide area of the disease in Europe and Great Britain veterinary authorities of the United States are agreed that the only method of combating the disease is to stop all movements of stock and material and to eradicate infected herds and individuals."

"The United States has divided equally between the Federal and State governments."

"In some cases, because human beings can be infected, the Federal and State authorities have prevented movement of infected farms from attending school. In other cases, as in Illinois and Ohio, local authorities have closed the stock yards until they can be cleaned and disinfected."

"The first effort of the Department is to discover and segregate all animals sick with the disease and to isolate them. To this end the Federal and State inspectors are now tracing up through bills of lading and railroad records all shipments of live cattle and horses made during the last thirty days or so."

"In this way the presence of foot and mouth disease has been discovered in various places in the present wide area now under Federal quarantine, which includes Massachusetts, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, and Wisconsin."

"The numbers of all cars in which animals have been transported from these districts have been obtained, and these are being located and thoroughly cleaned and disinfected."

"Following the imposition of a general Federal quarantine and the killing of actually infected herds comes a farm to farm inspection of the present wide area. Later when it becomes clear that the disease has been localized, it will be possible for the Federal and State authorities to free from quarantine all but the actual infected herds or districts and allow the uninfected territories to resume interstate shipments of stock."

"At present the chief danger lies in the possibility of the disease being introduced into the country by means of infected stock brought in by State and Federal authorities, but to convince farmers of the necessity of the disease and to prevent extreme cases of some mouths or lameness."

WHY CATTLE GET DISEASE System of Land Taxation Is Blamed by Mr. Chandler.

MONTECLAIR, N. J., Nov. 8.—That diseases of cattle may be traced to the present system of land taxation is the novel theory advanced by Alfred N. Chandler, secretary of the Equitable Tax League of Essex County.

"It is only within recent years," said Mr. Chandler, "that the nations of Europe have begun to realize the danger of the congested housing of human beings produces tuberculosis, and it requires but slight exercise of the intellect to perceive that confining dairy cattle in stanchions in close barns for more than half of twenty-four hours every day will likewise produce tuberculosis in cattle. This is entirely a case of profit in dollars as against human welfare, to say nothing of cruelty to animals."

"The dairyman is not wholly to blame, as the cause is economic and engendered by our present tax laws. The dairyman has been forced to crowd his cattle into the present restricted acreage and to the financial unprofitableness of buying at the present prices of less than one dollar per acre, is now being held idle by speculators for building sites, in some instances at \$500 and \$1,000 per acre."

## TOOTHBRUSHES AND FOOT BATHS FOR COWS

CHICAGO, November 8. FOOT baths and toothbrushes have been added to the appointments in stables which house the exclusive herds of cattle with which wealthy Chicago men play at being farmers.

Foot baths morning and night keep the hoofs of milk giving cows clean and free from germs of foot and mouth disease and toothbrushes at night safeguard the animals' masticating apparatus against germs in hay, oats or fine feed.

Gov. Dunne has issued a proclamation quarantining all cattle, sheep and hogs in the State, infected or not, if purchased from the Union Stock Yards since October 1.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The area included in the quarantine established by the Federal Government to prevent the spread of the hoof and mouth disease in cattle may be enlarged by the addition of the States of Rhode Island and Montana.

Ten States are embraced in the infected area. Affected areas have been found in Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Rhode Island, and also at Glendive, Mont. As a result these States are likely to be quarantined.

The Secretary of Agriculture has issued the following statement regarding the quarantine for foot and mouth disease: "The present outbreak of the foot and mouth disease is one of the most contagious and destructive diseases of cattle, swine and sheep, exceeds in area affected any of the five previous outbreaks in this country. Unless the infection can be eradicated immediately and quickly eradicated it threatens untold losses among live stock."

"So contagious is the disease that in pastures where but one animal in a herd was infected the entire herd in almost all cases later contracted the sickness. Although the mortality is not high the effects of the disease, even on animals of mild temperaments, render them practically useless. They lose flesh rapidly; in the case of cows the milk dries up or is made dangerous for human consumption. In the case of breeding animals the animal and its progeny are rendered less for breeding, as it may continue to be a constant carrier of contagion."

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# FIND DISEASED COWS IN TWO MORE STATES

Authorities Likely to Order Quarantine in Rhode Island and Montana.

## U. S. ORDERS EXPLAINED

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# The Great White Throne, Its Judgment Now Due

FINANCIAL, ECCLESIASTICAL AND SOCIAL SHAKINGS "Men's Hearts Failing Them for Fear"—Apprehending Troubles Impending—Selfishness Blighting Humanity—Messiah's Throne of Purity and Justice and Love is Earth's Only Hope.

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